

# Purplefinder Enterprise Platform Security with LDAP

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# Resources

- Manning Book: LDAP Programming, Management and Integration
- Apache Documentation & download:  
<http://directory.apache.org>
- PEP R2 LDAP Example:  
<http://repository.enterprise.purplefinder.com>
- Available on public Maven repositories.

# Directory Service

- A directory service is a system that stores and provides access to information in a directory.
- A directory is a map between names and values.

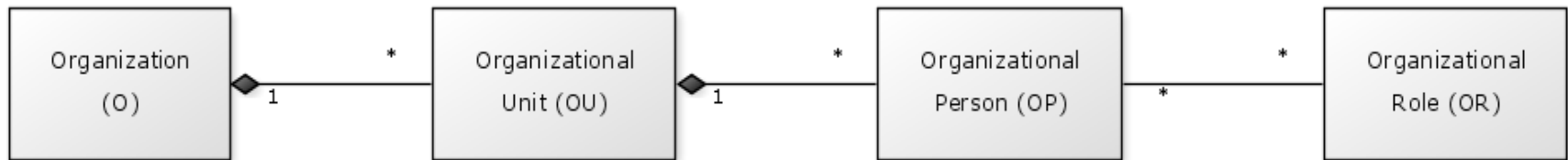
Example 1: A telephone directory is map from peoples names to telephone numbers.

Example 2: Domain Name System (DNS) is a hierarchical naming system for computers and services connected to the internet.

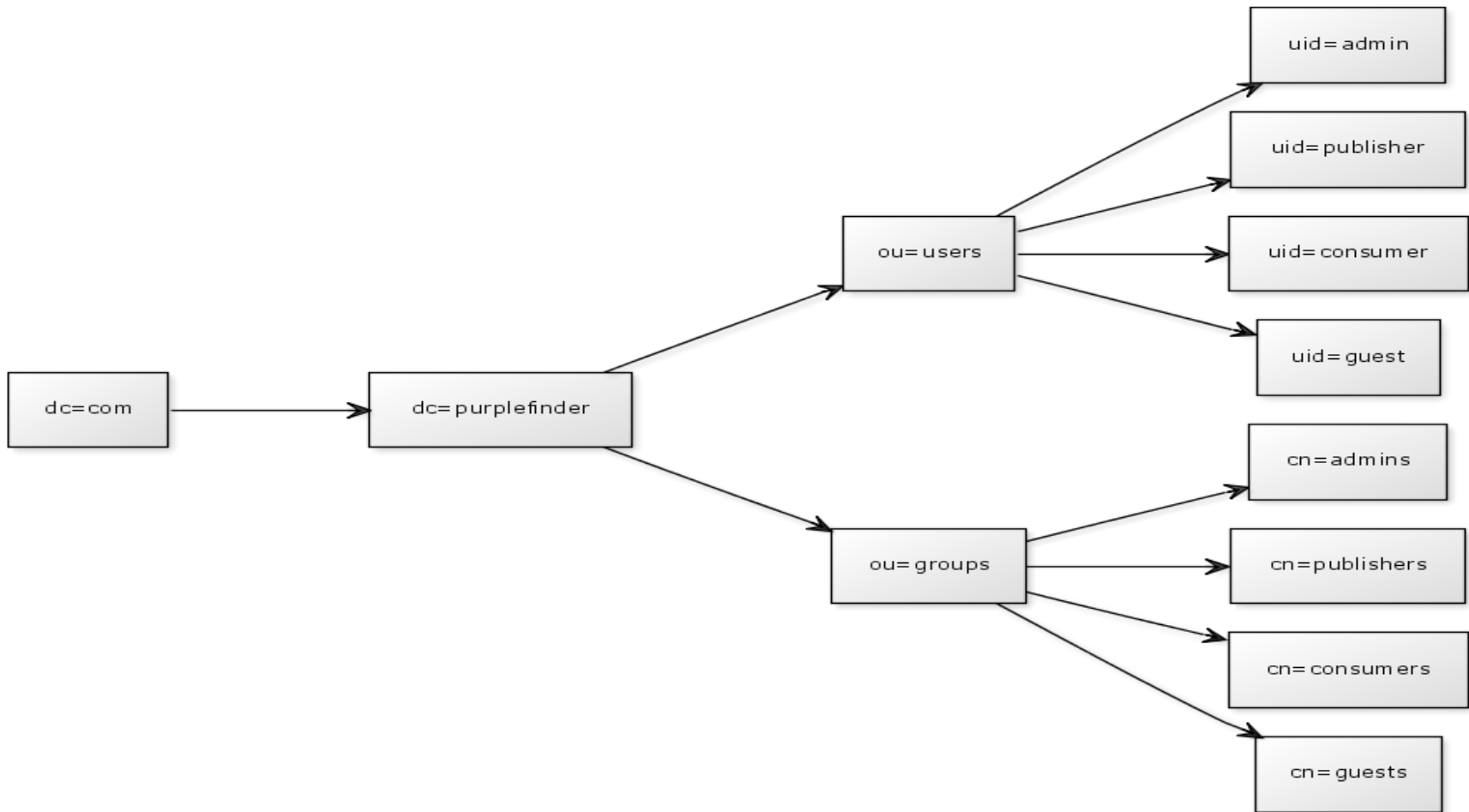
# X.500 Directory Service

- A standard way to develop an electronic directory of people and devices in an organization.
- There is a single Directory Information Tree (DIT), a hierarchical organization of entries which is distributed across one or more servers, called Directory System Agents (DSA).
- An entry consists of a set of attributes, each attribute with one or more values.
- Each entry has a unique Distinguished Name (DN).

# Organogram



# Directory Information Tree



# Standard Schemas

- There are industry-standard schemas defined in RFC 2256 by IETF.
- Standard object classes
- Standard attribute types

Example: objectClass=organization

Superior: top

Required: o

Allowed: userPassword, postalAddress, l

# Organizational Person and Group

```
dn → uid=potts,ou=users,dc=purplefinder,dc=com
    objectClass → top
    objectClass → inetOrgPerson
    cn → Peter Potts
    sn → Potts
    uid → potts
    userPassword → {SHA}W6ph5Mm5Pz8GgiULbPgZG37mj9g=
```

```
dn → cn=Research,ou=groups,dc=purplefinder,dc=com
    objectClass → top
    objectClass → groupOfNames
    cn → Research
    member → uid=potts,ou=users,dc=purplefinder,dc=com
    member → uid=ozkan,ou=users,dc=purplefinder,dc=com
```



# Password Digester

```
case class PasswordDigester(algorithm: String, password: String) {
  val digestedPassword = {
    val messageDigest = MessageDigest getInstance algorithm
    messageDigest.update(StringTools.getBytesUtf8 password)
    val base64Encoder = new BASE64Encoder
    val encodedPassword = base64Encoder.encode(messageDigest.digest)
    String.format("{%s}%s", algorithm, encodedPassword)
  }
}
// SHA = Secure Hash Algorithm
class PasswordDigesterSpec extends SpecificationWithJUnit {
  "A password digester" should {
    "calculate the SHA hash of a password" in {
      val target = new PasswordDigester("SHA", "password")
      target.digestedPassword mustEqual "{SHA}W6ph5Mm5Pz8GgiULbPgZG37mj9g="
    }
  }
}
```

- Run [com.purplefinder.enterprise.r2.Idapexample.PasswordDigester](#).

# LDAP

- Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP)
- Industry standard directory access protocol.
- An IP based application protocol for querying and modifying the data of directory services.
- Latest version of LDAP is Version 3.
- Specified by Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF).
- LDAP URL  
ldaps://beaker.london.purplefinder.com:636

# Security

- Authentication, authorization, privacy, availability and integrity.
- Authentication is the process of proving identity.
- Authorization is all about access control rules (ACL). It answers the question: Does entity  $w$  have access to perform action  $x$  on resource  $y$  if condition  $z$  is met?

# Security with LDAP

- LDAP bind operation is the crux of authentication.
- DN and user password are typical credentials.
- User password should not exist in plain text.
- User password should be hashed at all times.
- Use TLS connection for privacy.
- Authorization is achieved by using groups or roles.
- Roles are groups with an implicit set of permissions.

# Groups and Roles

- Group

`objectClass=groupOfNames`

`cn=<Name of group>`

`member=<DN of a group member>`

`member=<DN of another group member>`

- Role

`objectClass=organizationalRole`

`cn=<Name of role>`

`roleOccupant=<DN of a role-filler>`

`roleOccupant=<DN of another role-filler>`

# Microsoft Active Directory

- Active Directory is a Directory Service with LDAP.
- Includes industry standard schemas.
- But uses highly proprietary schemas too.
- Access with [Apache Directory Studio](#).

# Apache Directory Server (ApacheDS)

- ApacheDS is an embeddable directory server entirely written in Java.
- It has been certified LDAPv3 compatible by the Open Group.
- Run `com.purplefinder.enterprise.r2.ldapexample.ArchetypalLdapServer`.
- Access with [Apache Directory Studio](#).

# “LDAP” is not a relational database

- Optimized for queries but very slow for updates.
- No support for relational integrity.
- No transactions.
- Supports multi-valued data fields.
- Excellent as a central repository for very slowly changing information required by a loosely coupled set of applications.
- Such as users, passwords, organizations, roles, ships and mobile terminals.



# JNDI includes LDAP

- Java Naming and Directory Interface (JNDI).
- JNDI is part of Java EE.
- No special drivers required for LDAP.
- Standard classes found in `javax.naming.directory` package.

# Change Password Using LDAP

```

val dn = "uid=consumer,ou=users,dc=purplefinder,dc=com"
val oldPassword = PasswordDigester("SHA", "password").digestedPassword
val newPassword = PasswordDigester("SHA", "secret").digestedPassword

val properties = new Properties {
    put(Context.INITIAL_CONTEXT_FACTORY, classOf[LdapCtxFactory].getName)
    put(Context.PROVIDER_URL, "ldap://localhost:10389")
    put(Context.SECURITY_AUTHENTICATION, "simple");
    put(Context.SECURITY_PRINCIPAL, dn);
    put(Context.SECURITY_CREDENTIALS, oldPassword);
}

val context = new InitialDirContext(properties)
val attr = new BasicAttribute(USER_PASSWORD_AT, StringTools.getBytesUtf8 newPassword)
val mods = Array(new ModificationItem(DirContext.REPLACE_ATTRIBUTE, attr))
context.modifyAttributes(dn, mods)
context.close

```

Run `com.purplefinder.enterprise.r2.ldapexample.ChangePasswordApplication`.

# Embedded Directory Service

```

val directoryService = new DefaultDirectoryService {
    getChangeLog.setEnabled(false)
    setDenormalizeOpAttrsEnabled(true)
    setWorkingDirectory(createWorkingDirectory)
    addPartition(createPartition)
}
directoryService.startup
    directoryService.loadDirectoryInformationTree(directoryInformationTree)
val ldapServer = new LdapServer {
    setDirectoryService(directoryService)
    setAllowAnonymousAccess(true)
    setTransports(Array(new TcpTransport(portNumber)): _*)
}
ldapServer.start
    printf("Press enter to quit: ")
    readLine
ldapServer.stop
directoryService.shutdown

```

# Directory Information Tree

```

val archetypal = DirectoryInformationTree(
  "enterprise",
  "dc=enterprise,dc=purplefinder,dc=com",
  List(
    "" --> (
      OBJECT_CLASS_AT --> (TOP_OC, DOMAIN_OC, EXTENSIBLE_OBJECT_OC),
      "dc" --> "enterprise"),
    "ou=users" --> (
      OBJECT_CLASS_AT --> (TOP_OC, ORGANIZATIONAL_UNIT_OC),
      OU_AT --> "users"),
    "uid=admin,ou=users" --> (
      OBJECT_CLASS_AT --> (TOP_OC, INET_ORG_PERSON_OC),
      CN_AT --> "Horacio Nelson",
      SN_AT --> "Nelson",
      UID_AT --> "admin",
      USER_PASSWORD_AT --> "{SHA}W6ph5Mm5Pz8GgiULbPgzG37mj9g="),
    ...
    "cn=publishers,ou=groups" --> (
      OBJECT_CLASS_AT --> (TOP_OC, GROUP_OF_NAMES_OC),
      CN_AT --> "publishers",
      MEMBER_AT --> ("uid=admin,ou=users", "uid=publisher,ou=users")),
  )

```

# JAAS

- Java Authentication and Authorization Service.
- JAAS is part of Java SE.
- Default configuration file is login.config in the resources folder.
- This configuration file allows security to be configured for as many domains of operation as required.
- For example, access control for ActiveMQ queues might be considered a domain of operation.

# JAAS for ActiveMQ

- Authentication: A user name and password is provided when a JMS client connects to an ActiveMQ broker.
- Authorization: The send, receive & admin rights of queues and topics are controlled with users and groups.

# JAAS with Properties for ActiveMQ

- Run [com.purplefinder.enterprise.r2.Idapexample.PropertiesAuthenticationIntegrationSpec](#)

- **login.config**

```
activemq-properties-domain {
    org.apache.activemq.jaas.PropertiesLoginModule required
        org.apache.activemq.jaas.properties.user="users.properties"
        org.apache.activemq.jaas.properties.group="groups.properties";
};
```

- **users.properties**

```
admin=password
publisher=password
consumer=password
guest=password
```

- **groups.properties**

```
admins=admin
publishers=admin,publisher
consumers=admin,publisher,consumer
guests=guest
```

# Authorization Map Entries

```

new AuthorizationEntry {
    setQueue(">")
    setRead(admins)
    setWrite(admins)
    setAdmin(admins)
},
new AuthorizationEntry {
    setQueue("queues.>")
    setRead(consumers)
    setWrite(publishers)
    setAdmin(publishers)
},
new AuthorizationEntry {
    setQueue("queues.demo")
    setRead(guests)
    setWrite(guests)
},
new AuthorizationEntry {
    setTopic("ActiveMQ.Advisory.>")
    setRead(List(admins, publishers, consumers, guests).mkString(", "))
    setWrite(List(admins, publishers, consumers, guests).mkString(", "))
    setAdmin(List(admins, publishers, consumers, guests).mkString(", "))
}

```



# JAAS with LDAP for ActiveMQ

- Run [com.purplefinder.enterprise.r2.ldapexample.ApacheDSAuthenticationIntegrationSpec](#)
- `login.config`

```
activemq-apacheds-domain {
    org.apache.activemq.jaas.LDAPLoginModule required
        initialContextFactory=com.sun.jndi.ldap.LdapCtxFactory
        connectionURL="ldap://localhost:10389"
        connectionUsername="uid=admin,ou=system"
        connectionPassword="secret"
        connectionProtocol="s"
        authentication="simple"
        userBase="ou=users,dc=enterprise,dc=purplefinder,dc=com"
        userRoleName="dummyUserRoleName"
        userSearchMatching="(uid={0})"
        userSearchSubtree=false
        roleBase="ou=groups,dc=enterprise,dc=purplefinder,dc=com"
        roleName="cn"
        roleSearchMatching="(member={0})"
        roleSearchSubtree=false;
};
```

# Active Directory Application

- Run `com.purplefinder.enterprise.r2.ldapexample.ActiveDirectoryApplication`
- `login.config`

```
activemq-active-directory-domain {
    org.apache.activemq.jaas.LDAPLoginModule required
        initialContextFactory=com.sun.jndi.ldap.LdapCtxFactory
        connectionURL="ldap://beaker.london.purplefinder.com:389" // Use TLS
        connectionUsername="CN=Peter Potts,OU=Pole Star Users,DC=london,DC=purplefinder,DC=com"
        connectionPassword="bogus"
        connectionProtocol="s"
        authentication="simple"
        userBase="OU=Pole Star Users,DC=london,DC=purplefinder,DC=com"
        userRoleName="memberOf"
        userSearchMatching="(userPrincipalName={0})"
        userSearchSubtree=false
        roleBase="OU=Pole Star Groups,DC=london,DC=purplefinder,DC=com"
        roleName="CN"
        roleSearchMatching="(member={0})"
        roleSearchSubtree=false;
};
```